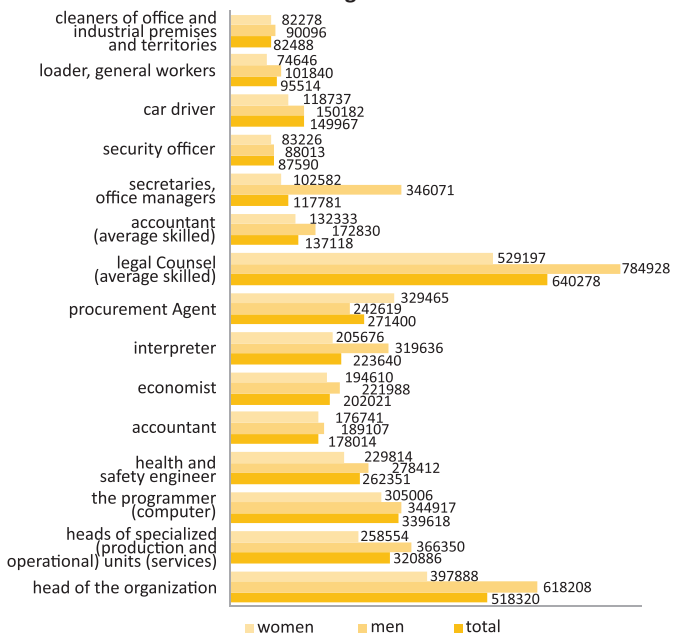
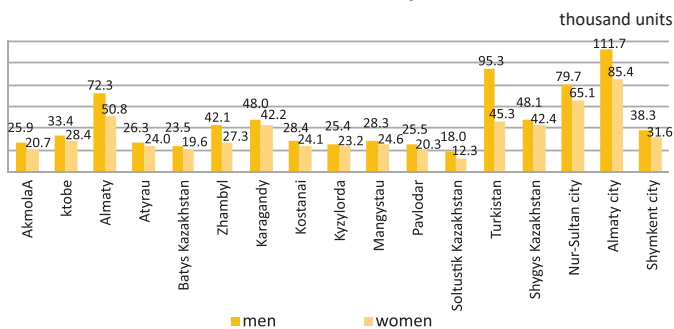


Average nominal monthly wages by professional status in 2020, tenge



As of January 1, 2021, 1.4 million small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) are active in Kazakhstan, of which 770 thousand are male entrepreneurs, which means that men account for 56.7% in SMEs.

The number of active SMEs headed by men, as of 01.01.2021



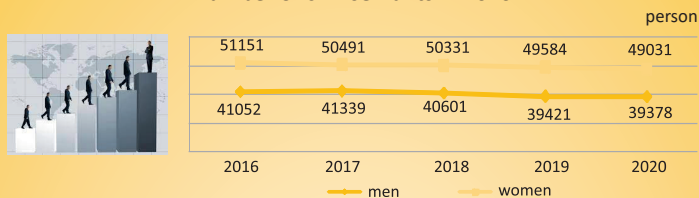
The gender distribution of the heads of national managing holdings shows the following: in 2020, at the level of the first managers in JSC «National Welfare Fund «Samruk-Kazyna» out of 45 managers - 32 men, in JSC «National Managing Holding» Baiterek» out of 9 managers-8 men, in JSC «National Information and Communication Holding «Zerde» all 4 managers are men.

The share of men among the heads of national management holdings in 2020



In the public administration system, the representation of men is as follows: the share of men among administrative civil servants is 39.4 thousand people or 44.5% of the total number, at the level of political civil servants, men make up 91.1% of the total number.

Number of civil servants in 2020



* According to Agency of the Republic of Kazakhstan for Civil Service Affairs.

According to the results of the last elections to the Parliament of the Republic of Kazakhstan, 39 male deputies or 81.3% of the total number (48 deputies in total) are represented at the Senate level, 72 male deputies or 73.5% of the total number (98 deputies in total) are represented in the lower house.

Characteristics of the composition of deputies of the Parliament of the Republic of Kazakhstan



* According to Central election commission of the Republic of Kazakhstan
In general, the portrait of a Kazakh man looks quite attractive: he is young, educated, successful, prefers traditional male activities.

Do you need more information?

The statistical collection «Women and men of Kazakhstan» has been released and placed in the section «Official statistics»/«Publications»/«Statistical collections». The collection presents data in the gender aspect on demographic and social characteristics of the population, health, education and science, employment and unemployment, crime and public administration.

In the section «For users» there is a special subsection «Gender statistics», which contains all the data of the national system of gender indicators in dynamics since 2000.

Do you still have questions?

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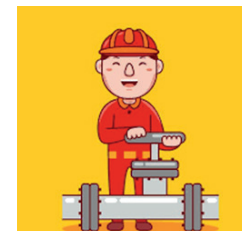
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Agency for Strategic planning and reforms
of the Republic of Kazakhstan
Bureau of National statistics

www.stat.gov.kz

Modern portrait of Kazakh men



Do you know that...

- As of January 1, 2021, the population of the Republic of Kazakhstan was 18,879,552 people, of which 9.160.399 or 48.5% were men
- The largest number of men live in the Turkistan is 1037.7 thousand people, or 11.3% of all men in the republic

In recent years, gender issues have been quite relevant and very widespread all over the world, statistical information about men and women is always of interest from the point of view of identifying interesting facts in various aspects of their life.

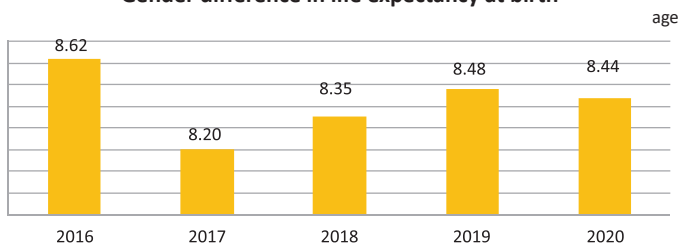
Gender equality is equal access for women and men to resources and benefits, regardless of gender, when performing social functions.

Most often, it is customary to provide information about women and their problems, but this booklet will present a statistical portrait of our contemporary – a Kazakh man.

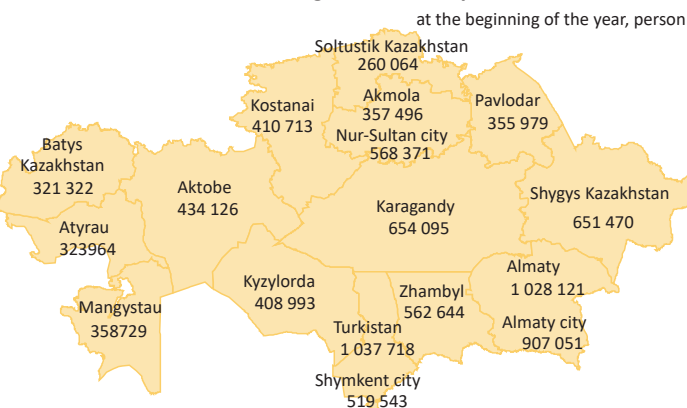
What are they, Kazakh men? Using the latest statistics, we can say that the average age of a Kazakhstani is 30.2 years, while the average age of a woman is slightly higher – 33.5 years.

Traditionally, more men are born than women (105-106 boys per 100 girls), but not all of them, for various reasons, live to a very old age. Life expectancy for men was 67.1 years in 2020, while the indicator for women is 75.5 years. The gender difference in life expectancy is very significant and is equal to 8.44 years, which is associated with a higher level of premature mortality of men, especially of working age.

Gender difference in life expectancy at birth



The number of men in the regions of the Republic of Kazakhstan

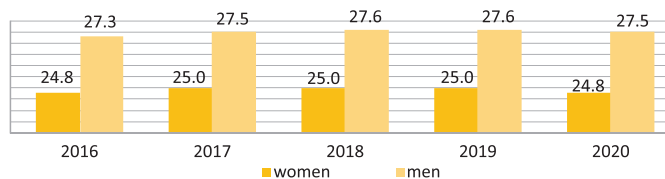


Considering the number of men in the regional context, it should be noted that the most men live in the Turkistan region – 1037.7 thousand people (11.3% of the total male population) and the least in the Soltustik Kazakhstan region – 260.1 thousand people (1.4%).

Young Kazakhstani men are increasingly postponing the creation of a family for a later period, and therefore the average age of marriage is gradually increasing and over the past 25 years has increased from 24.7 years in 1996 to 27.5 years in 2020. Young Kazakh women are also in no hurry to get married and the average age of marriage was 24.8 years in 2020, whereas in 1996 they were getting married at 22.2 years.

This indicator differs by region, in the western and southern regions there is still a tendency to marry at a younger age, for example, in the Mangystau

and Atyrau, the average age of men who have married is 26.2 years and 26.3 years, and girls in the Turkistan and Shymkent city marry at 22.9 years and 23.6 years, respectively. At the same time, in the Soltustik Kazakhstan and Kostanai, the average age of men who married was 28.7 years and 28.3 years, and girls in the Soltustik Kazakhstan and Almaty - 26.0 years and 26.1 years, respectively.



The health of the population is one of the important components of the quality of life, affecting all its other aspects. Speaking about the health of Kazakhstanis, it can be noted that both men and women are most often susceptible to respiratory diseases (2397.7 thousand and 1935.4 thousand cases, respectively), they occupy the largest share in the total number of diseases. The second place is occupied by diseases of the digestive system (354.9 thousand and 426.3 thousand cases), the next in the list of diseases are accidents, poisoning and injuries (298.3 thousand and 222.1 thousand cases) and diseases of the circulatory system (243.6 thousand and 323.6 thousand cases).

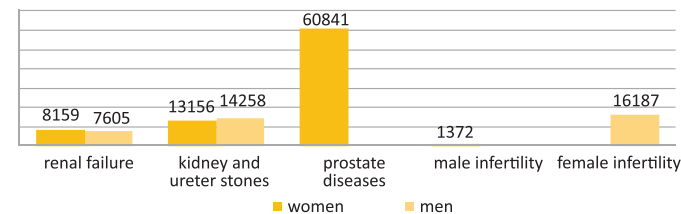
Over the past 5 years, there has been an increase in diseases of the circulatory system (by 26.4% and 20.5%, respectively), infectious and parasitic diseases (by 25.3% and 21.0%), as well as neoplasms (by 14.3% and 8.3%).

Morbidity of the population by the main classes of diseases

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
women					
Total	5 606 800	5 845 529	5 848 790	5 615 807	5 493 796
diseases of circulatory system	268 504	273 293	289 651	296 306	323 591
accidents, intoxication and injuries	259 412	260 050	230 757	229 704	222 145
tumours	76 287	85 504	96 937	86 201	82 651
diseases of respiratory tract	2 249 733	2 297 125	2 256 905	2 202 515	1 935 380
gastrointestinal tract diseases	412 294	446 437	423 350	410 056	426 265
infectious and parasitic diseases	125 120	128 277	126 667	123 873	151 341
other diseases	2 215 450	2 354 843	2 424 523	2 267 152	2 352 423
men					
Total	4 495 467	4 597 691	4 600 918	4 532 216	4 589 245
diseases of circulatory system	192 809	194 901	213 930	224 241	243 649
accidents, intoxication and injuries	353 098	351 297	312 905	310 947	298 319
tumours	34 327	35 696	39 759	44 021	39 222
diseases of respiratory tract	2 146 478	2 179 739	2 188 172	2 100 748	2 397 672
gastrointestinal tract diseases	339 948	368 490	365 999	370 785	354 865
infectious and parasitic diseases	114 813	115 872	117 301	116 891	143 846
other diseases	1 313 994	1 351 696	1 362 852	1 364 583	1 111 672

Considering the reproductive health of the population, it should be noted that 23.5% (303.6 thousand people) men account for the total number of diseases of the genitourinary system (1293.2 thousand people). Of these, the largest share is occupied by prostate diseases - 20.0% (60.8 thousand), kidney and ureter stones-4.3% (13.2 thousand) and kidney failure - 2.7% (8.2 thousand). The diagnosis of infertility was made to 1.4 thousand men, while 16.2 thousand cases were diagnosed among women.

Incidence of diseases of the genitourinary system affecting reproductive health in persons aged 18 years and older in 2020

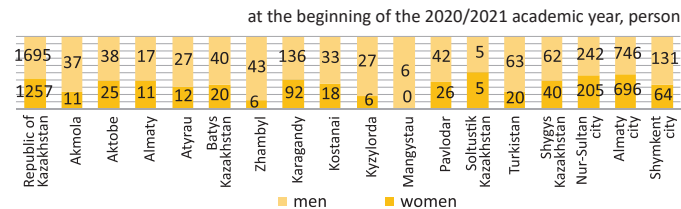


The educational potential of Kazakhstani men is quite high, the literacy rate of men aged 15 years and older according to the results of the last population census was 99.8%. 23.9% of men have technical and vocational (specialized secondary) and 17.8% have higher education, 12.3 thousand men have a scientific degree.

If at the level of secondary, technical and vocational education, men occupy more than half of the training contingent (from 50.5 to 52.6% in 2020), then at higher levels of education there are fewer of them, which is partly due to the involvement of men in the labor market.

Among the teaching staff of higher educational institutions, men occupy a significant share. Thus, 57.4% of doctors of sciences and 63.9% of professors are men. Women occupy more positions among candidates of sciences and associate professors, 62.4% and 57.4%, respectively.

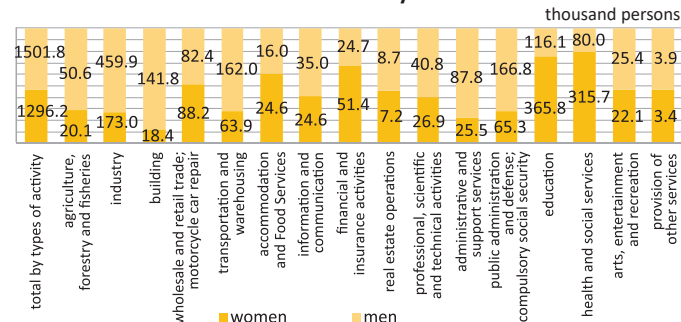
The number of doctors of sciences among the teaching staff of higher educational institutions



Men also occupy leading positions in the labor market, the share of men among employers is 54.5%, and employees – 50.9%.

At the same time, most of the employed men are employed in traditionally «male» spheres: construction, industry, agriculture, forestry and fisheries, transport and warehousing.

Employment size in large and medium enterprise by types of economic activity in 2020



The remuneration of men differs depending on the chosen profession and position, so, in 2020, the highest salaries were recorded in such areas of activity as: a legal consultant (784 928 tenge), the head of an organization (618 208 tenge), heads of specialized (production and operational) units (services) (366 350 tenge).